

# GTI-ATMBT2202 -X Module

## Extreme Low Power Bluetooth 5.0 SoC Module

### Datasheet

Rev 2.0 – Apr 29, 2024

## Revision history

Date	Revision	Board Rev	Section/ page	Description
Nov 02, 2020	Rev 1.0			
Dec 10, 2020	Rev 1.1			
Mar 08, 2021	Rev 1.2			Change name from GTI-ATM2022 to GTI-ATMBT2202 Add section 23 -Certification
Nov 26, 2021	Rev 1.3			Change module height from 2.0±0.3mm to 2.3±0.3mm
Jul 21, 2022	Rev 1.4			Change module height from 2.3±0.3mm to 2.3±0.25mm
Aug 09, 2022	Rev 1.5			Add section 7.2 on page12 for module v2.3
Nov 10, 2022	Rev 1.6			Package 1700pcs/box change to 1500pcs/box , see page 25
Dec 04, 2023	Rev 1.7			Section 25, Package dimension and orientation
Jul 30, 2024	Rev 1.8			Section 8, PCB bottom view correction
Oct 22, 2024	Rev 1.9			Section 19, Frequency offset (-150 to 150MHz) changed to KHz.
Apr. 29, 2025	Rev 2.0			Correcting some typos

This document is subject to change without notice, please go to our website for the newest revision.

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## 1. General Description

The GTI-ATMBT2202 -X module is an extremely low-power Bluetooth® 5 system-on-a-chip (SoC) solution. This innovative module design is based on the extremely low-power Atmotic M2 Series Bluetooth wireless platform. The GTI-ATMBT2202 -X design incorporates several innovative features that have a dramatic impact on extending the battery life of edge-of-network-connected IoT products. This Bluetooth SIG certified Bluetooth Low Energy SoC integrates a Bluetooth 5.0 compliant radio with an ARM® Cortex® M0 application processor, 128 KB, 512 KB or 1MB embedded Flash, 128 KB Random Access Memory (RAM), 256 KB Read-Only Memory (ROM), 4 KB One-Time-Programmable (OTP) memory, and state-of-the-art power management.

The extremely low power ATM2 series SoC with 900uA active Rx and 2.4 mA active Tx full system power has been designed to extend battery life for Internet-of-Things (IoT) applications. Support for low duty cycle operation allows systems to run for significantly longer time periods without battery replacement.

## 2. Key Features

- Compliant with Bluetooth 5.0 standard
- Supports Bluetooth 2 Mbps, 1 Mbps, 500 kbps, and 125 kbps (Coded Phy supports the latest long-distance and high-speed capabilities)
- Fully integrated RF front-end
- Incorporates a second specialized Wake Up Receiver (WURx) that can run with the system in hibernate mode using less than 850nA in place of beaconing
- Smart sensor hub with out-of-bounds exception handling that can run in hibernate mode in conjunction with the Wake-Up Receiver
- SoC typical power consumption with 3 V battery including PMU
  - - Active Rx @ -95 dBm: 900 uA
  - - Active Tx @ 0 dBm: 2.4 mA
  - - Retention @ 32 KB RAM: 2 μA
  - - Hibernation with Wakeup Receiver: 0.95 μA
  - - Hibernate: 0.8 μA
  - - Soc Off: 300 nA
- CPU: 16 MHz ARM Cortex M0 processor, programmable interrupt router
- Memory: 128 KB, 512 KB or 1 MB embedded Flash, 256 KB ROM, 128 KB RAM, and 4 KB OTP
- Retention RAM configuration: 16 KB to 128 KB in 16 KB step sizes
- Interfaces: I2C, SPI, UART, GPIO
- 10-bit application ADC ([Note #1](#))
- Digital microphone Input (PDM) ([Note #1](#))
- 32.768 kHz/16 MHz crystal oscillator ([Note #2](#))
- SWD for interactive debugging
- AES 128 hardware
- True random number generator (TRNG)
- Smart Sensor Hub ([Note #1](#))

- Keyboard matrix controller (KSM) ([Note #1](#))
- Quadrature decoder for mouse input (QDEC) ([Note #1](#))
- 1.1 V to 3.3 V battery input voltage with integrated Power Management Unit (PMU)

*Note#1: This module is made to perform the very best of Bluetooth 5.0 functions with extremely low power. Although there are diversities of other features in the SoC that remained in this module but are beyond the scope of this datasheet.*

*Note#2: See Sec 7.2 on page 12 for the 32KHz clock options.*

### 3. Specifications

#### Radio Transceiver

- Typical -94dbm RX sensitivity(255-byte packets,1 Mbps LE )
- TX output power from -20 dBm to +4 dBm

#### True single-chip BLE Soc Solution

- Integrated BLE radio
- Supports OTA programming mechanism for firmware upgrade
- Complete BLE protocol stack and application profiles
- Supports both master and slave modes
- Supports 2 Mbps LE
- Frequency bands: 2402 MHz to 2480 MHz
- GFSK modulation format

#### Very low power consumption

- Single 1.1V to 3.3V power supply
- Integrated DC-DC and LDO
- 0.85 uA power-down mode(Wakeup by Receiver)
- 2.0 uA deep sleep mode (32KHz RO on,160k SRAM in retention state)
- 900 uA Rx and 2.4 mA Tx current @0 dBm Tx power with DC-DC
- 4.0 mA Tx current @4 dBm Tx power with DC-DC

Module Size 14.0 X 8.5 X 2.3 mm  $\pm$ 0.25 mm PCB SMD

#### High-level integration

- 6 channel, 10-bit ADC
- 32 KHz sleep timer (see also Sec 7.2 on page 12)
- programmable PWM
- 1 channel SPI interface
- 1 channel UART interface
- 1 channel I2C master interface
- AES128 security coprocessor

## Memory

- Internal 1MB embedded Flash, 128KB RAM, and 256KB ROM

The embedded flash memory size is factory optional as below.

Part number	Embedded Flash Memory size
GTI-ATMBT2202-1M	1MB
GTI-ATMBT2202-512	512KB
GTI-ATMBT2202-128	128KB

## 4. Applications

### Industrial and Enterprise

- Beacons
- Remote Sensors
- Environmental Monitors

### Healthcare

- Asset Trackers
- Locating
- Wearables

### Home

- Home Automation
- Remote Control
- Human Interface Devices (HID)
- Entertainment

### Smart Cities

- Asset Trackers
- Beacons

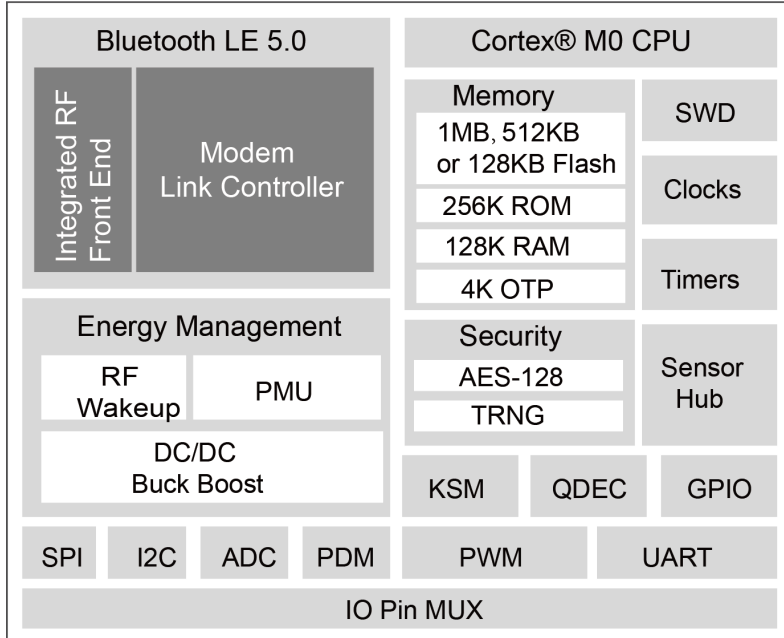
### Personal

- Gaming
- Wearables

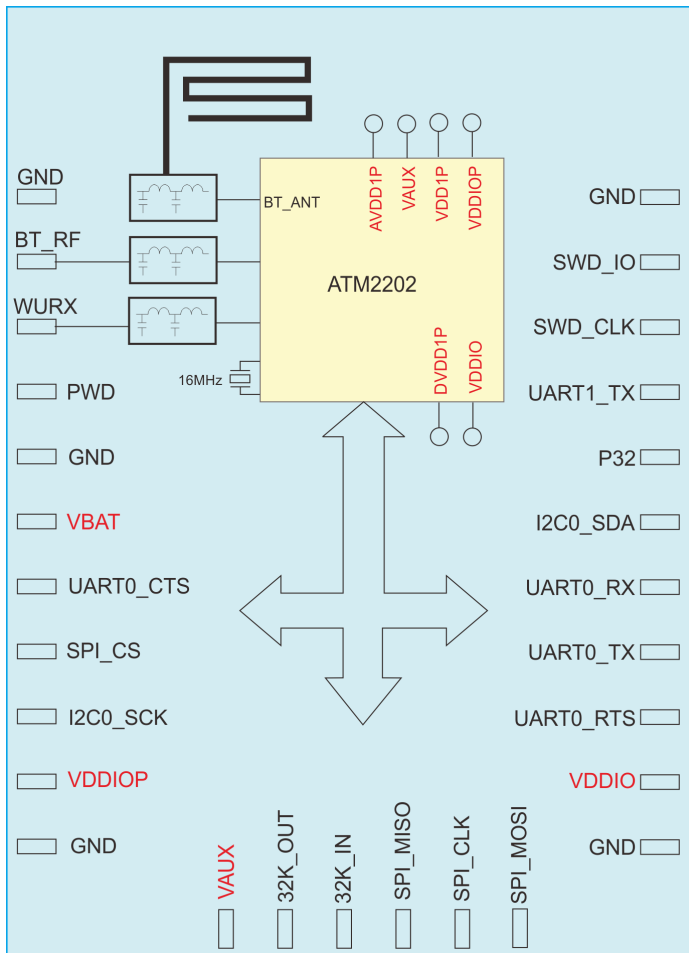
### Auto

- Key fobs and Accessories
- Infotainment

## 5. SoC block diagram

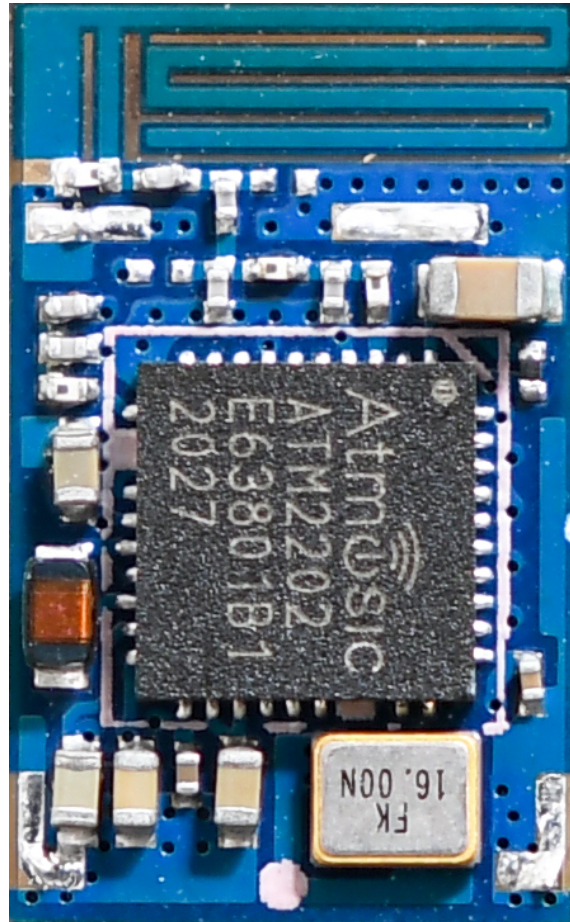


## 6. Module block diagram



## 7. Module picture

### 7.1 Module picture before V2.3

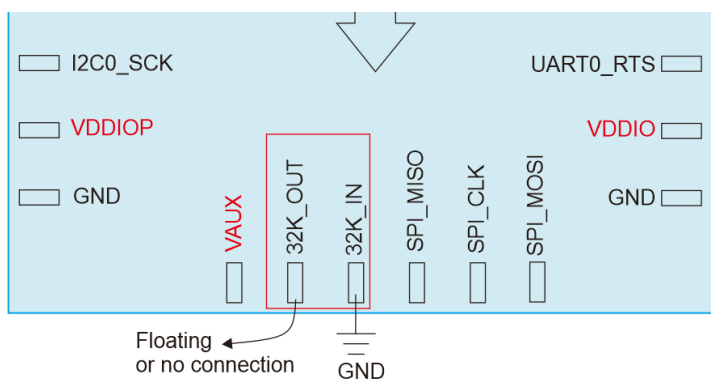


## 7.2 Module V2.3 picture



### External or internal 32 KHz clock for V3.2

1. On V2.3, you may choose to use either the internal 32KHz clock or the external 32.768 KHz crystal for the sleep timer.
2. The default is to use the external 32.768KHz crystal.
3. Do as follows for using the internal 32KHz clock,
  - a. Program the OTP, the steps are included in the ATMx2xx Reference Manual
  - b. The 32K\_IN pin should be grounded, and the 32K\_OUT pin should be left floating.

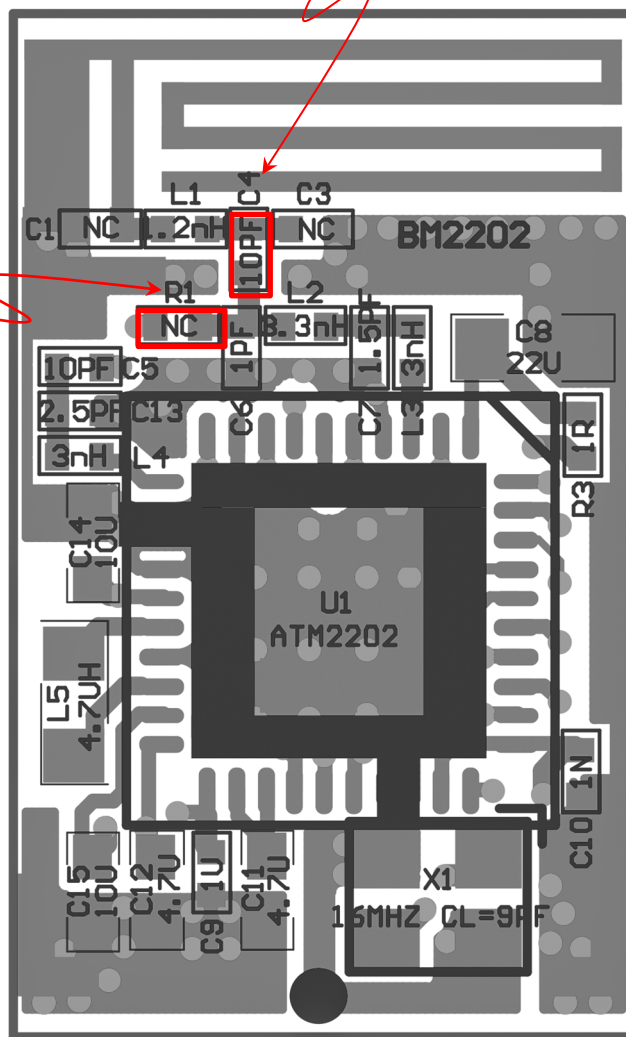


## 8. PCB placement and dimensions

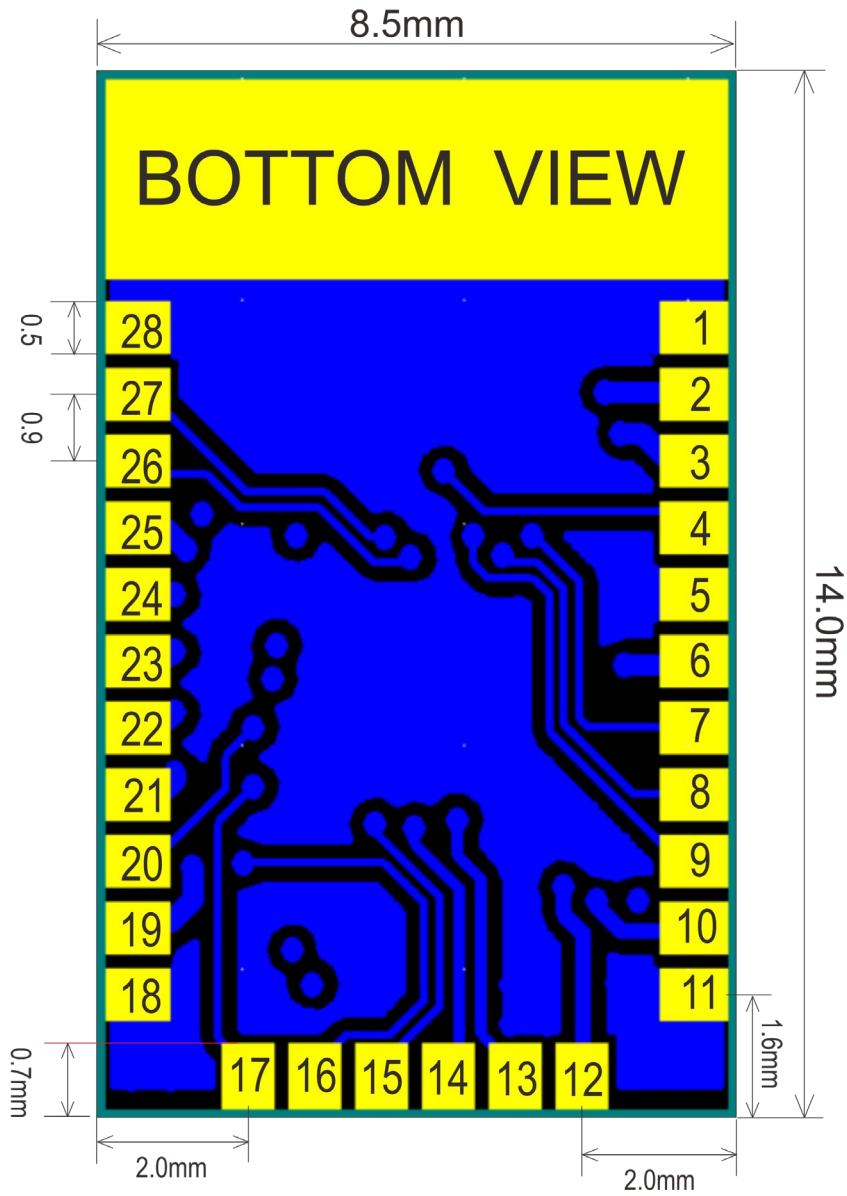
### ■ Top View

RF signal is connected to the on board PCB trace antenna through C4 (see section-19)

The 2<sup>nd</sup> route of RF signal is connected to pin2 through R1 (see section-19)



■ Bottom View (unit: mm)



## 9. Pin Description

Pin	Pin name	I/O	Description	GPIO
1	GND	PWR	Power and signal ground	
2	BT_RF	RF	2.4 GHz Single-ended RF I/O for Bluetooth radio	
3	WURX	RF	Wake receiver RF input, connect to ext. antenna	
4	PWD	I/O	Power Down Input (Active High)	
5	GND	PWR	Power and signal ground	
6	VBAT	PWR Input	Battery Power Supply (DC 1.1 to 3.3V)	
7	UART0_CTS	I/O	UART0_CTS	P11
8	SPI_CS	I/O	SPIC_S	P10
9	I2C0_SCL	I/O	I2C0_SCL	P9
10	VDDIOP	PWR Output	1.8 V I/O power supply generated by SoC, connect to VAUX if unused ( <a href="#">See section 17 PMU configuration</a> )	
11	GND	PWR	Power and signal ground	
12	VAUX	PWR	Reserved for switching regulator internal use	
13	32K_OUT	A	32.768 kHz crystal oscillator output ( <a href="#">see also Sec7.2</a> )	
14	32K_IN	A	32.768 kHz crystal oscillator input ( <a href="#">see also Sec 7.2</a> )	
15	SPI_MISO	I/O	SPI_MISO	P13
16	SPI_CLK	I/O	SPI_CLK	P20
17	SPI_MOSI	I/O	SPI_MOSI	P22
18	GND	PWR	Power and signal ground	
19	VDDIO	PWR Input	Power supply Input for digital I/O ( <a href="#">See section 17 PMU configuration</a> )	
20	UART0_RTS	I/O	UART0_RTS	P24
21	UART0_TX	I/O	UART0_TX	P23
22	UART0_RX	I/O	UART0_RX	P25
23	I2C0_SDA	I/O	I2C0_SDA	P30
24	P32	I/O	UART1_RX	P32
25	UART1_TX	I/O	UART1_TX	P33
26	SWD_CLK	I/O	SWD_CLK -Serial Wire Debugger	P1
27	SWD_IO	I/O	SWD_IO-Serial Wire Debugger	P2
28	GND	PWR	Power and signal ground	

## 10. Maximum Electrical Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ	Max.	Unit
VBAT	Battery supply	-0.2		3.4	V
VDDIO	I/O supply	-0.2		3.4	V
VIO	I/O pin	-0.2		3.4	V
VRF	RF I/O pin (BT_RF, WURX)			10	V
ESD (HBM)	ESD HBM class 2			2000	V
ESD (CDM)	ESD CDM			500	V
T-store	Storage Temperature	-40		125	°C

**Note:** ESD(HBM) for TMC and PWD pins are 1250V

## 11. Recommended Operating condition

Operating Condition		Min.	Typ	Max.	Unit
OP-tempering temperature range	Operating Temperature range	-40	25	85	°C
Relative Humidity				85	%
VDDIO	I/O supply	1.7	1.8	3.3	V
VBAT (*)	Battery supply	1.1		3.3	V
VPP25	OTP Programming Voltage	2.3	2.5	2.7	V
VIO	I/O pin voltage level	-0.2		VIO+0.2	V
32K-OSC (*)	Crystal OSC-32.768KHz	-500		500	ppm

**Note:**

1. VBAT minimum supply after boot is 1.0V.
2. VBAT minimum slew rate is 0.3V/ms.
3. VPP25 is physically connected to VDDIO. Set VDDIO to within VPP25 range when programming the OTP.

## 12. Radio Transceiver Characteristics (VCC=3.0V Temperature =27°C)

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typical	Max.	Units
Frequency range		2.402		24.80	GHz
Rx sensitivity	37-byte packets, clean Tx				
	125 kbps		-101		dBm
	500 kbps		-98.5		dBm
	1 Mbps		-95		dBm
	2 Mbps		-93		dBm
	255-byte packets, dirty Tx				
	125 kbps		-100		dBm
	500 kbps		-96.5		dBm
1 Mbps		-94		dBm	
2 Mbps		-91		dBm	
Tx output power	4, 2, 0, -2, -4, -6, -10, -20	-20		4	dBm
Tx power accuracy			+/- 1.5		dB
Tx spectral mask @ 1M sym/s	2 MHz offset	-20			dBm
	> 3 MHz offset	-30			dBm
Rx Carrier-to-Interferer (LE 1M PHY)	Co-channel interference	21		-100	dB
	Adjacent 1 MHz interference	15			dB
	Adjacent 2 MHz interference	-17			dB
	Adjacent 3 MHz interference	-27			dB

## 13. Wakeup Receiver Characteristics

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ	Max.	Units
Sensitivity (>= 90% wakeup success rate)	2440 MHz, 14-byte packets at 1 ms intervals for 40 ms		-44		dBm

## 14. GPIO Characteristics

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ	Max.	Units
Input VIL		-0.2	0	0.2	V
Output VOH	2 mA Load		VIO-0.2		V
Output VOL	2 mA Load		0.2		V

## 15. Embedded Flash Characteristics

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ	Max.	Units
Endurance	Program/Erase	100,000			Cycles
Data Retention			20		Year

## 16. Power consumption

VBAT current at 3 V with internally generated IO supply

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ	Max.	Units
Active RX	Sensitivity at -95 dBm 1 mA		1		mA
Active TX @ 4 dBm	Output power at 4 dBm		4		mA
Active TX @ 0 dBm	Output power at 0 dBm		2.5		mA
Active TX @ -10 dBm	Output power at -10 dBm		1.4		mA
Powerdown	PWD pin asserted		75		nA
Retention (32 KB RAM)			2		μA
Hibernation			0.8		μA
Hibernation with Wakeup Receiver			0.95		μA
SoC Off			300		nA

## 17. PMU configuration

There is a PMU (Power Management Unit) inside the SoC chip, below is the description of these power rails.

Power rail	Pin on module	Input/Output	description
VBAT	6	I	Battery or External Power Supply (DC 1.1 to 3.3V)
VDDIO	19	I	Power input for digital and analog I/O
VDDIOP	10	O	1.8V IO power output generated by PMU
VAUX	12	O	The auxiliary power output of typical 3.2V used internally by the PMU

The PMU must be configured correctly to ensure correct operation. The following rules must be followed.

1. Use an external VDDIO power supply.  
(One external power supply or battery with external IO supply)
  - VBAT to external power or battery
  - Connect VBAT to VDDIO
  - Connect VAUX to VDDIOP
  - Disable IO supply generation ([Note #2](#))
  
2. Use the internal VDDIO power supply.  
(one external power supply or battery with internally generated IO supply)  
This is for the application that can use an internal 1.8V IO supply for better power consumption or  $VBAT \leq 1.8V$ 
  - VBAT to external power or battery
  - Connect VDDIOP to VDDIO

*Note #2: Internal I/O supply VDDIOP can be disabled in firmware by controlling the register `opt_disable_vddio`, and it will not be discussed here. The internal I/O supply is enabled by default.*

## 18. BT5.0 BLE RF Performance test

The sample under test: GTI-ATMBT2202 -1M

Test machine: IQ2011

Data rate: 1Mbps

Item channel Packet type	No.	Tx power (-20 to 20dBm)			Frequency offset (-150 to 150KHz)			Sensitivity ( $\leq 70$ dBm)		
		2402MHz	2442MHz	2480MHz	2402MHz	2442MHz	2480MHz	2402MHz	2442MHz	2480MHz
Ble_1M_prbs9	1#	2.29	2.15	1.73	-60	-61	-60	-96.0	-96.0	-97.0
Ble_1M_prbs9	2#	3.4	3.16	2.84	-62	-61	-60	-96.5	-96.5	-97.0
Ble_1M_prbs9	3#	3.68	3.62	3.35	-61	-61	-62	-95.0	-96.0	-96.0
Ble_1M_prbs9	4#	4.01	3.77	3.54	-60	-62	-62	-94.0	-95.0	-95.0
Ble_1M_prbs9	5#	4.03	3.78	3.53	-61	-62	-59	-95.0	-95.0	-95.0
	1. Test sensitivity: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Sent 100~1500 packets@PER<math>\leq</math>30.8%</li> <li>■ packets type: BT_LE PRBS9</li> <li>■ packet length: 37 bytes</li> </ul> 2. Max input level $\geq$ -10dBm.									
Result	OK									

## 19. Design notes

1. Some power rails have to be externally connected, see section 11.
2. The BT RF signal has two routes to the antenna. The 1<sup>st</sup> route goes to the PCB trace antenna through L1, The 2<sup>nd</sup> route goes to pin-2 on the module through the R1 resistor, and then to the external antenna, the R1 resistor is not populated as default.

Using the external antenna gives better performance and a longer RF signal range.

Please put on a 0-ohm resistor or 10pF capacitor at the R1 location and remove C4 (see section 8, PCB placement top view). One SMA antenna socket is recommended in designing the carrier or host board for this antenna.

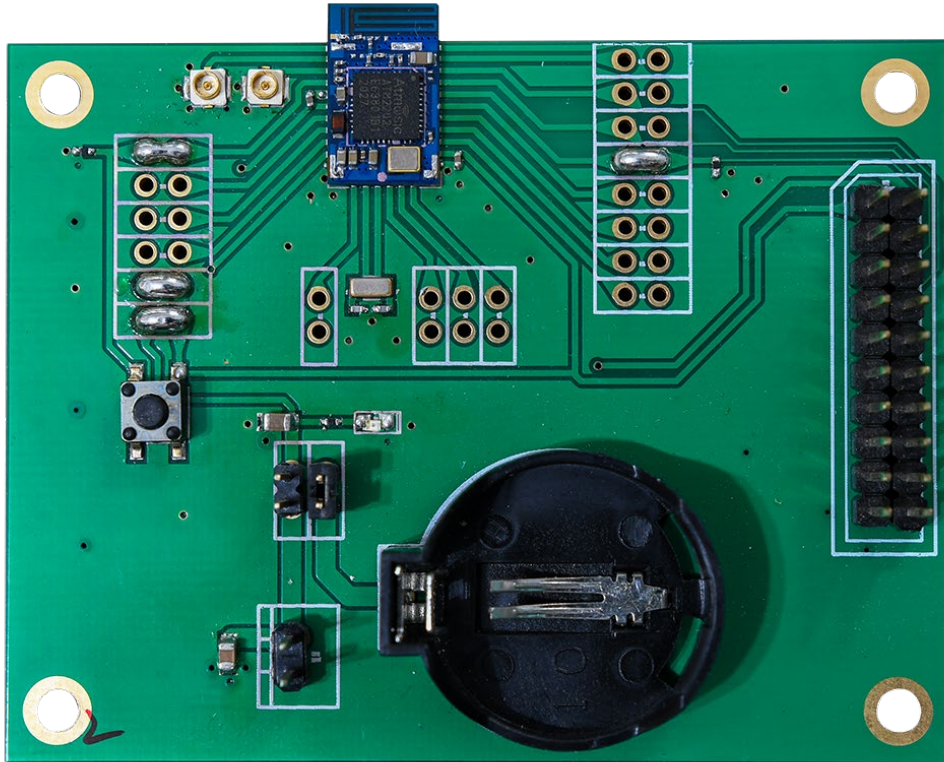
3. The WURX signal on pin-3 is input for Wake up Receiver.

The use of a wake-up receiver allows a system to be in sleep mode while waiting for incoming RF activities. In the SoC, the wake-up receiver is designed to decode an incoming RF paging or wake-up signal with very low power consumption. This dedicated low-power wake-up receiver continuously monitors the incoming RF signal for a predefined paging signal. This continuous Rx mode is based on an OOK radio, which has ultra-low power consumption. The wake-up receiver is intended for short-range and short-latency applications. The latency of the wake-up receiver is typically in the order of 20 ms to 1 s, depending on the length of the Rx ID code used to identify the target device.

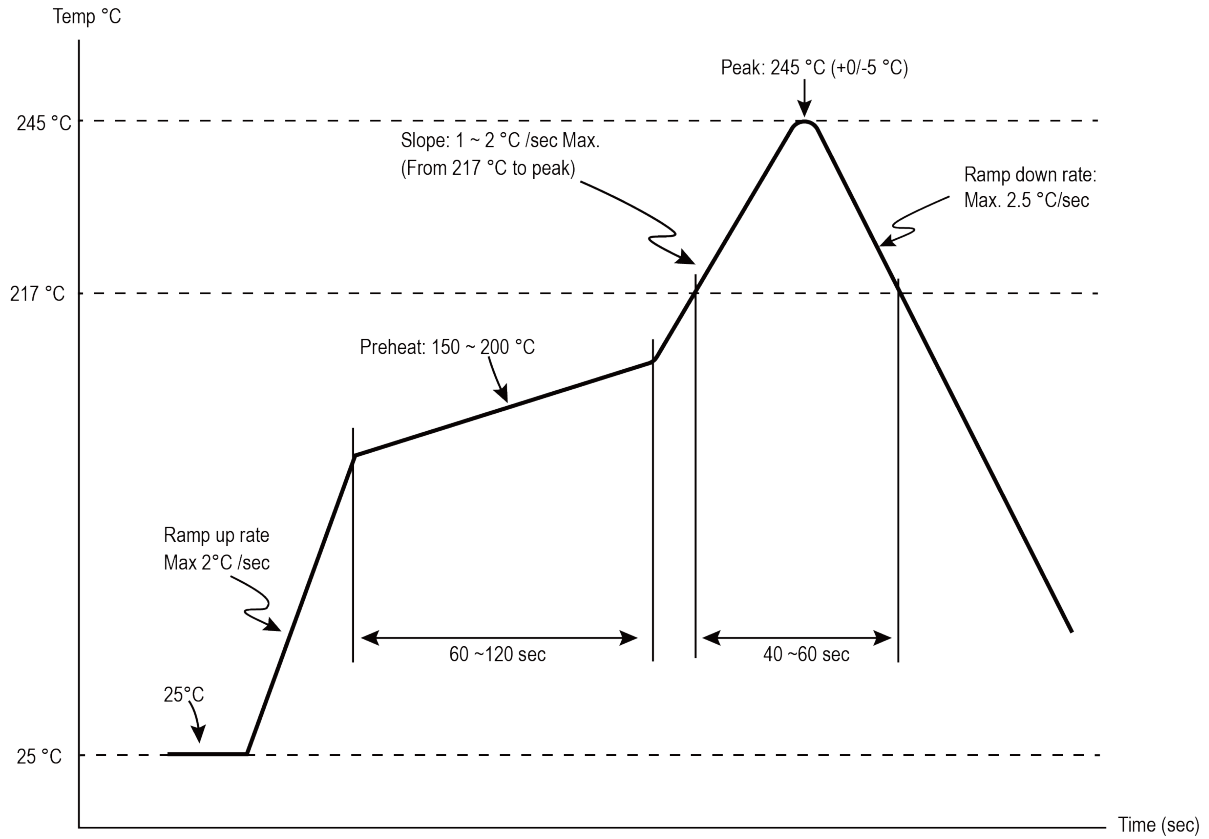
In designing the carrier or host board, an SMA antenna socket is recommended to go through a serial 10pF capacitor.

## 20. Evaluation board -EVB/ DVB

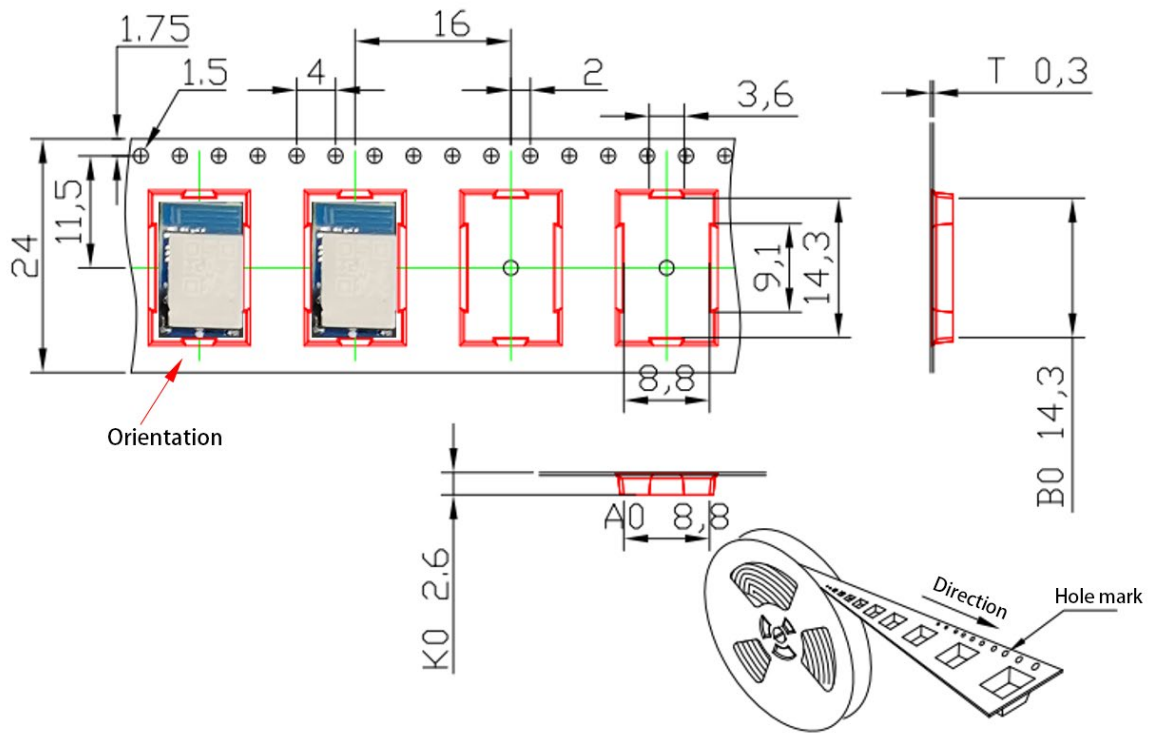
There is the Evaluation board (EVB or DVB) for the development of the GTI-ATMBT2202 -X module, please contact us if you need it.

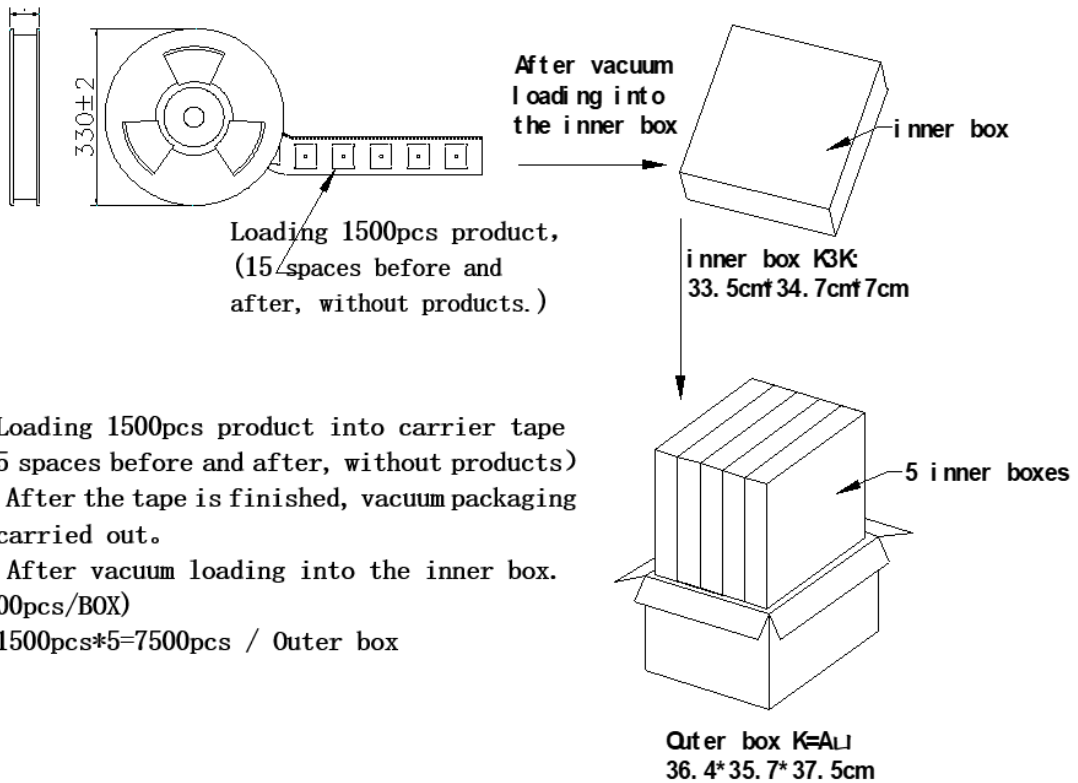


## 21. Recommended Reflow Profile



## 22. Package





- 1、 Loading 1500pcs product into carrier tape  
(15 spaces before and after, without products)
- 2、 After the tape is finished, vacuum packaging is carried out.
- 3、 After vacuum loading into the inner box.  
(1500pcs/BOX)
- 4、 1500pcs\*5=7500pcs / Outer box



### ESD CAUTION

The GTI-ATM2202-X is ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device and may be damaged with ESD or spike voltage. Although GTI-ATM2202-X has built-in ESD protection circuitry, please handle with care to avoid the permanent malfunction or the performance degradation.

## 23. Certification

GTI-ATMBT2202 has passed the following certifications,

- 1) FCC certified with Modular cert FCC ID (YJ-GTIBLEATM-2202)
- 2) CE-Red

## 24. Contacts

Sales@globalscaletechnologies.com

Globalscale Technologies, Inc.  
1200 N. Van Buren Street  
Anaheim, CA 92807  
U.S.A.

Office (714) 632 9239  
Fax (714) 632 7550